

Upravte výrazy, uveďte podmínky, kedy má výraz zmysel

1.

$$a) \left[\left(\frac{x}{y} - \frac{y}{x} \right) : \left(\frac{x}{y} + \frac{y}{x} - 2 \right) \right] \cdot \left(1 + \frac{x}{y} \right) =$$

$$b) \left(1 + t - \frac{1}{1-t} \right) : \left(t - \frac{t^2}{t-1} \right) =$$

$$c) (x^2 - 1) \cdot \left(\frac{1}{x-1} - \frac{1}{x+1} - 1 \right) =$$

$$d) \left(\frac{9}{m^2} - \frac{m^2}{9} \right) \cdot \frac{m^2 + m}{m^2 - 2m - 3} =$$

$$e) \left(\frac{1}{m^2} - \frac{1}{4} \right) \cdot \frac{m^3}{m^2 - 4m + 4} =$$

$$f) \left(\frac{1}{a+1} - \frac{1}{a-1} \right) : \frac{a}{4-4a^2} =$$

2.

$$a) \frac{x^2 - 7}{x + 7} \cdot \frac{x^2 - 49}{7 - x} \cdot \frac{x - 2}{2x^2 - 14} =$$

$$b) \frac{a^2 + 2a - b(a + 2)}{3a^2 + 12a + 12} \cdot \frac{24 - 6a^2}{2a - 2b} =$$

$$c) \frac{2x}{2x - 5} : \frac{5x^2}{25 - 4x^2} =$$

$$d) \frac{m^2 - 3m}{3m^2 + 18m + 27} + \frac{1}{m + 3} =$$

$$e) \frac{1 + m}{2m^2 + 8m + 8} + \frac{1 - m}{2m^2 - 8} =$$

$$f) \frac{x}{x - y} + \frac{xy}{y^2 - x^2} =$$

$$g) \frac{x}{x - 2} - \frac{x}{x + 2} - \frac{x + 3}{x^2 - 4} =$$

$$h) \frac{a}{a + b} - \frac{b}{b - a} - \frac{2ab}{a^2 - b^2} =$$

$$i) \frac{2b}{a^2 + ab} - \frac{2a}{b^2 + ab} =$$

$$j) \frac{1}{x^2 - x} + \frac{1}{x^2 - 1} - \frac{2}{x^2 + x} =$$

$$k) \frac{1}{y - 1} + \frac{2}{y^2 - 2y + 1} + \frac{1}{(y - 1)^3} =$$

$$l) \frac{y^2}{x^3 - xy^2} + \frac{2}{x + y} + \frac{1}{x} =$$

3.

$$a) \frac{\frac{x - y}{x + y} + \frac{x + y}{x - y}}{\frac{x}{y} + \frac{y}{x}} =$$

$$b) \frac{\frac{1}{(a + b)^2} - \frac{1}{(a - b)^2}}{\frac{1}{a + b} + \frac{1}{a - b}} =$$

$$c) \frac{1 - \frac{x}{x - 2y}}{\frac{x^2}{4y^2 - x^2} + 1} =$$

Vysl.

1. a) $\frac{x-y}{y}$ b) $-t$ c) $3-x^2$ d) $\frac{-(3+m)(9+m^2)}{9m}$
- e) $\frac{-m(m+2)}{4(m-2)}$ f) $\frac{8}{a}$
2. a) $\frac{x+2}{2}$ b) $2-a$ c) $\frac{-2(5+2x)}{5x}$ d) $\frac{m^2+9}{3(m+3)^2}$
- e) $\frac{m}{(2-m)(m+2)^2}$ f) $\frac{x^2}{x^2-y^2}$ g) $\frac{3x-3}{x^2-4}$ h) $\frac{a-b}{a+b}$
- i) $\frac{2(b-a)}{ab}$ j) $\frac{3}{x(x^2-1)}$ k) $\frac{y^2}{(y-1)^3}$ l) $\frac{3x-2y}{x^2-y^2}$
3. a) $\frac{2xy}{x^2-y^2}$ b) $\frac{-2b}{a^2-b^2}$ c) $\frac{-(2y+x)}{2y}$